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1 SEM TDC ANTH (CBCS) C 1

2 0 2 3

(November)

ANTHROPOLOGY

(Core)

Paper : C-1.

(Introduction to Biological Anthropology)

Full Marks : 53

Pass Marks : 21

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions.*

1. Choose the correct answer : 1×5=5

(a) In Anthropology, study of non-human primates is called

(i) Palaeontology

(ii) Primatology

(iii) Palynology

(iv) All of the above

(2)

- (b) Who among the following is known as the father of Human genome?
(i) Dr. Francis S. Collins
(ii) William Bateson
(iii) Hugo de Vries
(iv) Gregor Johann Mendel
- (c) The scientific study of animal behaviour is known as
(i) Biology
(ii) Zoology
(iii) Ethology
(iv) Palaeontology
- (d) The theory of Lamarck is based on
(i) Inheritance of acquired characters
(ii) Natural selection
(iii) Isolation
(iv) Mutation
- (e) Risley classified Indian population into
(i) 5 types
(ii) 6 types
(iii) 7 types
(iv) 8 types

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(Continued)

(3)

2. Write short notes on any *three* of the following : 4×3=12
(a) Mutation theory
(b) Scope of Biological Anthropology
(c) New world monkey
(d) Social behaviour of non-human primates
(e) Bipedalism
3. What do you understand by human variation? Discuss human variation and evolution with special reference to the Pre-19th Century. 2+7=9
Or
Who was Lamarck? Discuss his famous theory with example. 2+7=9
4. Define Physical Anthropology. Write briefly about history and development of Physical Anthropology. 2+7=9
Or
Describe the modern approaches of Biological Anthropology with emphasis on human evolution. 9

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(Turn Over)

(4)

5. Who are the African apes? Describe briefly about any one of them. 2+7=9

Or

Elaborately describe why Biological Anthropology studies non-human primates. 9

6. Discuss Guha's contribution to racial classification. 9

Or

Describe Human Genome Project as a recent understanding in Biological Anthropology. 9
