5 SEM TDC MTMH (CBCS) C 12

2022

(Nov/Dec)

MATHEMATICS

(Core)

Paper: C-12

('Group Theory—II)

Full Marks: 80

Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Choose the correct answer for the (a) following question:

An automorphism is

- (i) a homomorphism but not one-one
 - a homomorphism, one-one but not onto
 - (iii) one-one, onto but not homomorphism
 - (iv) a homomorphism, one-one onto

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(Turn Over)

- (b) Show that a characteristic subgroup of a group G is a normal subgroup of G. Is the converse true?
- group G, then prove that G is abelian if and only if $G' = \{e\}$.
- (d) If N is a normal subgroup of a group G, G' is the commutator subgroup of G and $N \cap G' = \{e\}$, then show that $N \subseteq Z(G)$.
 - (e) Show that, if O(AutG) > 1 then O(G) > 2.
- (f) Show that the set I(G) of all inner subgroup of Aut G. group G is a
- 2. Answer any two of the following: 6×2=1
 - (a) Let I(G) be the set of all inner prove that

 6×2=12

$$I(G) \approx \frac{G}{Z(G)}$$

(b) Prove that for every positive integer n, Aut (Z_n) is isomorphic to U(n).

(c) Let $R^n = \{(a_1, a_2, ..., a_n) | a_i \in R\}$. Show that the mapping

$$\phi: (a_1, a_2, ..., a_n) \to (-a_1, -a_2, ..., -a_n)$$

is an automorphism of the group R^n under component wise addition.

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- 3. (a) Find the order of the element (1, 1) in $Z_{100} \oplus Z_{25}$.
 - (b) Show that a group of order 4 is either cyclic or is an internal direct product of two cyclic groups of order 2 each.
 - (c) Let G and H be finite cyclic groups. Prove that G⊕H is cyclic if and only if |G| and |H| are relatively prime.
 - (d) If s and t are relatively prime, then prove that

$$U(st) \approx U(s) \oplus U(t)$$

Or

How many elements of order 5 does $Z_{25} \oplus Z_5$ have?

(e) If a group G is the internal direct product of a finite number of subgroups $H_1, H_2, ..., H_n$, then prove that G is isomorphic to the external direct product of $H_1, H_2, ..., H_n$.

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Or Let G be a finite abelian group of order $p^n m$, where p is a prime that does not divide m then prove that $G = H \times K$, where $H = \{x \in G | x^{p^n} = e\}$ and $K = \{x \in G | x^m = e\}.$

- 4. (a) Define conjugate class of a. 1
 - (b) If $|G| = p^2$, where p is a prime, then prove that G is abelian.
 - (c) Let G be a finite group and let a be an element of G, then prove that |Cl(a)| = |G:C(a)|
 - (d) Prove that a group of order 80 has a non-trivial normal Sylow p-subgroup. 3
 - (e) Let G be a group. Prove that $Cl(a) = \{a\}$,
 - Prove that no group of order 56 is 4 5 Or

Prove that a Sylow p-subgroup of a group G is normal if and only if it is the only Sylow p-subgroup of G.

(g) If G is a group of order pq, where p and q are primes, p < q, and p does not divide q-1, then prove that G is cyclic.

Prove that any two Sylow p-subgroups of a finite group G are conjugate in G.

Or

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Prove that an integer of the form $2 \cdot n$, where n is an odd number greater than 1, is not the order of a simple group.

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