## 5 SEM TDC BOTH (CBCS) C 11

## 2021

(Held in January/February, 2022)

**BOTANY** 

(Core)

Paper: C-11

( Reproductive Biology of Angiosperms )

Full Marks: 53
Pass Marks: 21

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. (a) Choose the correct answer of the following: 1×3=3
  - (i) In angiosperms the endosperms is
    - (1) triploid (3n)
    - (2) diploid (2n)
    - (3) haploid (n)
    - (4) None of the above

(ii)	When	the	body	of	the	ov	ule,
	embryo	sac,	micro	pyle :	and	fun	icle,
	all lie	in c	ne ve	rtical	. pla	ane	the
	ovule is						

- (1) anatropous
- (2) orthotropous
- (3) amphitropous
- (4) campylotropous
- (iii) The process of double fertilization (triple fusion) was discovered by
  - (1) Nawaschin
  - (2) Leeuwenhoek
  - (3) Strasburger
  - (4) Hofmeister
- (b) Fill in the blanks of the following:

1×2=2

- (i) Finger-like projections present in synergids are called \_\_\_\_\_.
- (ii) Typical 8-nucleate embryo sac is called \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2. Write precise notes on the following:  $4\times3=12$ 
  - (a) Double fertilization and its significance
  - (b) NPC system
  - (c) Apomixis

3. What is microspore? Describe the formation of microspores within the microsporangium.

Draw diagram where necessary. 2+8+2=12

Or

Answer/Write explanatory note of the following:

6+6=12

- (a) "The flower is equivalent to a modified shoot." Justify the statement with reasons.
- (b) Polyembryony and its significance
- 4. What do you mean by embryogenesis?

  Describe the stages of development of a typical dicot embryo giving necessary diagram.

  2+8+2=12

Or

Write notes of the following:

4×3=12

- (a) Monosporic type of embryo sac
- (b) Parthenocarpy and its significance
- (c) Difference between dicot and monocot embryo

5. What is self-incompatibility? Describe about the homomorphic and heteromorphic self-incompatibility. What are the methods to overcome self-incompatibility? 2+6+4=12

Or

Describe the different types of contrivances of cross-pollination giving example in each case.

Why nature prefers cross-pollination?

8+4=12

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